

Basic Definition

and finding information on this topic.

Poverty is largely associated with the lack of money or material possessions. It involves not

having enough means to afford basic necessities such as food, shelter and health access.

Types:

'Poverty Line' refers to amount required for people to have minimum standard of living. The amount varies from country to country.

The Health access

Income Poverty:

Income fails to meet an established threshold (also known as poverty line)

Extreme Poverty:

Possession of less than US\$1.25 per day, applicable across international standards (World Bank, 2008)

Absolute Poverty:

State of not being able to afford basic necessities, such as food, clothing and shelter

Defining

Poverty

Relative Poverty:

State of not being able to afford things that most people in the society possess

What are some causes?

Economic

Financial crisis Employment opportunities

Social

Family structure (Eg.Large households)

Health Problems

(Eg. Disabilities, Drug addiction, Chronic illnesses)

Social Immobility (Eg. Lack of education opportunity, elderly people)

Political

Migration (Eg. Rural-urban migration, refugees migration)

Political Structure

Environmental

There are a variety of reasons that can lead to the situation of poverty. They are often inter-related. You can consider the following factors:

Natural Disasters









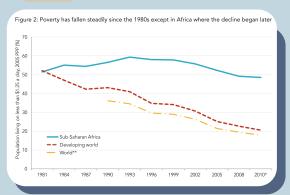






Globally,

the number of extreme poor has dropped between 1981 and 2010.



Source: World Bank, 2013

The road ahead

United Nations Development Programme has a set of Millennium Development Goals, one of which is to 'halve, between 1990 and 2015, the proportion of people whose income is less than US\$1 a day' (UNDP, 2013)

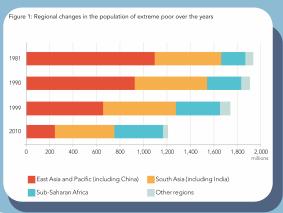
The **World Bank** has also set itself to push extreme poverty to 'no more 3 percent by 2030, and to promote shared prosperity and greater equity in the developing world'.

(World Bank, 2014)

Regionally,

Around the World

The figures for extreme poverty has also changed from 1981 to 2010.



Source: World Bank, 2013

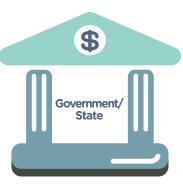
Locally,

Singapore does not rely on a single national poverty line to measure poverty. In considering the diverse and complex nature of the needy, the Ministry of Social and Family Development takes an approach of 'tailoring (the) social safety net to different groups, depending on their needs and circumstances' (Ministry of Social and Family Development, 2011)

Who is involved?

There are various parties that can be involved to alleviate poverty:





















Useful Links

You can find out more on this topic by browsing through the following websites:

International Databases

The World Bank

http://www.worldbank.org/en/topic/poverty

United Nations Development Programme (UNDP)

http://www.undp.org/content/undp/en/home/ourwork/povertyreduction/overview.html

United Nations Education, Scientific and Cultural Organisation (UNESCO) http://www.unesco.org/new/en/social-and-human-sciences/themes/international-migration/glossary/poverty/

• Regional Examples

Case studies in Asia-Pacific:

- Hong Kond

News.gov.hk (2013) 'Poverty Line set for Hong Kong', Retrieved from: http://www.news.gov.hk/en/categories/health/html/2013/09/20130927_191059.shtml

- Philippines

Corren, A. (2010) CNN 'Scratching out a life on Manila's Smokey Mountain', Retrieved from: http://edition.cnn.com/2010/WORLD/asiapcf/04/05/philippines.smokey.mountain/

Singapore context

Ministry of Social and Family Development
Ministry of Social and Family Development (2014) 'National Definition of Poverty Line', Retrieved from:
http://app.msf.gov.sg/PressRoom/Nationaldefinitionofpovertyline.aspx

Quick Searching

File-specific search

In your research, you may have come across online publications that are made into pdf files. Here is a quick tip on how you can retrieve these files more quickly: In your search engine searchbox,

- Enter 'Poverty AND filetype: .pdf'

The results list that appears will be solely that of pdf files that are related to the topic of poverty. Other examples of filetype that can be found online include **Powerpoint (.ppt)** and **Word documents (.doc)**. You can try combining the search terms—'filetype: .ppt' or 'filetype.doc' to narrow your search results to these specific web sources.

Sources:

Barber, N. (2012) Fighting Poverty, Chicago: Heinemann Library
Griffin, G. ed (2006) How can the poor be helped?, Detroit: Thomson Gale
Senker, C (2007) What if we do nothing?: Poverty, London: Franklin Watts
The World Bank (2014) 'Poverty', Retrieved from http://www.worldbank.org/en/topic/poverty
United Nations Development Programme (2014) 'Poverty Reduction', Retrieved from:
http://www.undp.org/content/undp/en/home/ourwork/povertyreduction/overview.htm









