

During the course of your tertiary studies, learning to write a research report will become an important core skill as part of your academic journey. A crucial component of the report is the literature review, which poses a challenge as it requires good background research and analysis. This infographic will aid you in understanding and writing an effective literature review.



The literature review serves as a critical review of published information on a topic by other researchers, including the research methodology used and the findings. It expands your knowledge about the topic, and provides a solid background for your research.



You can include the literature review as part of the Introduction section, or in a separate section on its own. Either way it must come before your actual research sections.

## HOW TO ORGANIZE YOUR REVIEW

- 1. State the focus or central theme of your review. Include information that other researchers have written.
- 2. Identify the strengths and weaknesses of previous research. Highlight the important ones to determine what to focus on in your research.
- 3. Identify areas of controversy or opposing viewpoints about the research topic.
- 4. Conclude how your research topic fits into the existing body of knowledge, such as whether it replicates previous studies, or not.



1. Introduction

1.2 Literature Review



- Be focused Find relevant research studies on the topic. The more recent the study, the better.
- Summarise and synthesize Highlight and discuss how the findings, strengths and weaknesses of the research studies relate to yours
- Use in-text citation Indicate the sources you quoted from or referred to (e.g. MLA or APA citation styles)

For more useful tips on writing a research paper, visit our eLearn Centre on our S.U.R.E. portal at http://www.nlb.gov.sg/sure/elearn-centre



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ource Look at its origins. s it trustworthy?





valuate Find the balance. Exercise fair judgement.



