HOW TO AVOID Plagiarism

Nowadays, anyone can easily copy and paste information from the internet for their schoolwork.

Copy

Paste

However, doing so is committing plagiarism, which is a serious offence involving taking someone else's work without crediting them, and passing it off as your own.

If caught, offenders can be heavily penalised in their grades, and in some cases, expelled from their institutions of study.

This infographic highlights the different types of plagiarism, as well as guidelines on how to avoid it.

Types of Plagiarism

Accidental Plagiarism Providing inaccurate or insufficient information about the source, although the original author is credited Self-Plagiarism Recycling and reusing your previous works

Direct Plagiarism Copying most, or all, of a text word-for-word, without paraphrasing

Avoid plagiarism using **P.R.I.C.E.** Here are four easy-to-remember steps to help you out!

eferenco vestigat araphra Summarise only key Compile all sources Do not leave referencing **Online plagiarism** phrases from the source. (e.g. websites, books) to the last minute, checkers such as Turnitin in a Reference Page. or important citations It is even better to use are useful in detecting may be left out! accidental plagiarism. your own ideas rather When in doubt, just ask than copy from others. your teacher! Do a final check before Be creative! handing in your work. **Plagiarise?** Pay the PRICE! 1. Hamdan, F. B. (2012). The Concept of Plagiarism. Iraqi Journal Of Medical Sciences, 10(4), 302-305. 2. Harvard college writing program. (c2016). How to Avoid Plagiarism. Retrieved 14 December, 2016, from http://isites.harvard.edu/icb/icb.do?keyword=k70847 s.u.r.e OUICE Look at its origins. Is it trustworthy? esearch Dig deeper. Go beyond the initial source. fb.com/sgsure nderstand valuate now what you're reading. earch for clarity. ind the balance. Exercise www.nlb.gov.sg/sure fair judgement